REMARKS

Claims 1-6 and 13-18 are pending. No new matter has been added by way of the present

amendment. For instance, claim 1 has been amended to include textual subject matter taken

from claim 7, now cancelled. Additionally, claims 8-12 have been cancelled. Accordingly, no

new matter has been added.

Additionally, Applicants respectfully submit that no new issues have been raised by way

of the present submission which would require additional search and/or consideration on the part

of the Examiner. In particular, Applicants have simply amended claim 1 to include subject

matter taken from claim 7. Presumably claim 7 was already searched and considered by the

Examiner, thus, the inclusion of this textual subject matter in claim 1 does not raise a new issue.

In the event that the present submission does not place the application into condition for

allowance, entry thereof is respectfully requested as placing the application into better form for

appeal.

In view of the following remarks, Applicants respectfully request that the Examiner

withdraw all rejections and allow the currently pending claims.

<u>Issues under 35 U.S.C. §102(b)</u>

The Examiner has rejected claims 1 and 6 under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated

by Bozler et al., USP 4,619,894 (hereinafter referred to as Bozler '894). Applicants respectfully

traverse.

Applicants point out that independent claim 1 relates a method for manufacturing a

photomask blank having a film of at least one layer formed on a substrate, comprising the steps

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of forming a film on a substrate, and irradiating the entire surface of the film with light from a

flash lamp. In particular, Applicants direct the Examiner's attention to the fact that the "entire

surface of the film" is irradiated with light from a flash lamp. This limitation was taken from

non-rejected claim 7 and is at least one limitation in independent claim which is completely

absent from Bozler '894. Accordingly, there exists no anticipation. The Examiner is therefore

respectfully requested to withdraw this rejection.

Issues under 35 U.S.C. §103(a)

The Examiner has rejected claims 1-18 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over

Sato et al., USP 6,806,021 (hereinafter referred to Sato '021) in view of Bozler '894. Applicants

respectfully traverse this rejection.

Independent claim 1 of the present invention, upon which all other pending claims

depend, relates to a method for manufacturing a photomask blank having a film of at least one

layer formed on a substrate, comprising the steps of forming a film on a substrate, and irradiating

the entire surface of the film with light from a flash lamp. However, when the Sato '021 and the

Bozler '894 references are viewed in their entirety, those of skill in the art are provided with no

motivation to construct the presently claimed invention. Accordingly, Applicants submit that the

Examiner has failed to present a valid prima facie case of obviousness.

For instance, Applicants point out that neither Sato '021 nor Bozler '894 suggest or

disclose irradiating the entire surface of the film of the photomask blank with a flash lamp.

Although these references disclose exposing certain layers to radiation, such exposure is always

a part of the patterning process. In Bozler '894, selected regions of a cermet layer are exposed.

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In Sato '021, a flash lamp is employed as an energy beam as applied to an intermediate film

functioning as a mask. However, this occurs after a resist pattern has already been formed.

Accordingly, neither of the references suggest or disclose the preparation of a photomask blank,

that is, a non-patterned layer, which is exposed with a flash lamp. Based upon this distinction

alone, Applicants submit that the Examiner has failed to present a valid prima facie case of

obviousness.

The Examiner has provided additional discussion concerning the present "irradiation"

step. For instance, at page 3, lines 8-9 of the outstanding Office Action the Examiner asserts

"the use of heat treatment for substrates to remove stresses in a bulk substrate material is well

known." However, the Examiner cites no supporting documentation for this "well known" use.

Moreover, there is no indication that such heat treatment has been known for the preparation of a

photomask blank. If the Examiner intends to take official notice of the alleged "well known" use

in conjunction with the preparation of a photomask blank, Applicants request that he do so on the

record.

In this regard the Examiner is respectfully requested to refer to In re Zurko, 59 USPO2d

1693, 1697 (Fed. Cir. 2001) (holding that general conclusions concerning what is "basic

knowledge" or "common sense" to one of ordinary skill in the art without specifying factual

findings and some concrete evidence in the record to support these findings will not support an

obviousness rejection).

Also, now that Applicants have challenged the Examiner's assertion of official notice.

The Examiner must now provide documentary evidence if the rejection is to be maintained. In

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this regard, the Examiner is requested to refer to 37 C.F.R. §1.104(c)(2) and Zurko, 59 USPQ2d at 1697.

Alternatively, if the Examiner is relying upon personal knowledge to support the finding of what is known in the art, the Examiner is respectfully requested to provide an affidavit or declaration setting forth specific factual statements and explanations to support such a finding. In this regard the Examiner is referred to 37 C.F.R. §1.104(d)(2).

Also, independent of the above argument, Applicants take this opportunity to distinguish removing stress in a bulk substrate from the present invention. That is, the present invention provides a method of changing stress of a film on a substrate. This stress-change technique differs from heat treatment for reducing stress in a bulk substrate. After irradiating a flash lamp, compressive stress is converted to tensile stress (See Example of the present specification). This change is not mere stress relaxation. In general heat treatment, heat is applied to the whole of the substrate. On the other hand, flash lamp irradiation is able to heat only the film on the substrate. Heat treatment by a halogen lamp cannot change stress type (See Comparative Example of the present specification).

Also, Sato '021 disclose: "As for the means irradiating the energy beam 105, it is preferable to employ a flash lamp. Because the flash lamp is high in irradiation intensity, so that the densification or oxidation of the intermediate film 104 as a mask can be promoted." Thus, an object to the use of the flash lamp in Sato '021 is to densify or oxidize a film on a silicon substrate. On the other hand, an object of the present invention is to minimize warpage of a photomask blank by changing the film stress. And yet another object of the present invention is Application No. 10/724,734

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to improve chemical resistance of a film on a substrate. Sato '021 fail to suggest or disclose how

to change film stress and how to improve chemical resistance.

None of the above deficiencies can be cured by Bozler '894. Thus, in summary,

Applicants respectfully submit that the Examiner has failed to present a valid *prima facie* case of

obviousness. Accordingly, the Examiner is respectfully requested to withdraw all rejections and

allow the currently pending claims.

If the Examiner has any questions or comments, please contact Craig A. McRobbie,

Registration No 42,874 at the offices of Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, LLP.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future

replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to our Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for

any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.16 or under § 1.17; particularly, extension of

time fees.

Dated: April 17, 2006

Respectfully submitted,

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